

3.—Expenditures and Revenue of Radio Services, Department of Transport, Fiscal Years 1938-40—concluded

Item	1938	1939	1940
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Commercial traffic tolls.....	63,784	60,089	59,433
Receiving licence fees ¹	2,019,361	2,798,166	3,037,168
Broadcast licence fees ¹	3,905	4,300	30,700
Other licence fees.....	17,848	20,135	24,074
Fines and forfeitures.....	6,257	12,205	6,894
Examination fees.....	715	1,211	1,289
Publications.....	609	861	636
Rental of quarters (radio operators).....	Nil	Nil	17,313
Totals, Revenue.....	2,112,479	2,896,967	3,177,507

¹ The Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1936 (c. 24), prescribes as follows:—

“14. (1) The Minister of Finance shall deposit from time to time in the Bank of Canada or in a chartered bank to be designated by him to the credit of the Corporation:—

(a) the moneys received from licence fees in respect of private receiving licences and private station broadcasting licences, after deducting from the gross receipts the cost of collection and administration, such costs being determined by the Minister from time to time”.

There are two classes of private receiving licences, one for battery operated receivers (fee \$2 per annum), and the other for electrically operated receivers (fee \$2.50 per annum). Free licences are issued for crystal receiving sets and to blind persons, schools, hospitals and charitable institutions; also for receiving sets installed in barracks, mess-halls, canteens or recreational rooms for the gratuitous entertainment of members of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces on Active Service.

Exact figures of revenue received from private receiving licences are not available by provinces. This is due to the fact that there are two kinds of licence, as stated above, and also because commissions paid for the issuance of licences vary according to the classification in which the issue falls, that is, post office, radio dealer, house-to-house vendor, etc. In Table 4, therefore, total revenue received from the sale of private receiving licences is prorated according to the number of licences issued in each province.

4.—Revenue from Private Receiving Licences Issued in Canada, by Provinces, Fiscal Years 1934-40

NOTE.—The figures in this table are approximations only.

Province	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island.....	3,217	3,559	3,951	6,006	7,682	11,929	12,075
Nova Scotia.....	45,821	53,050	58,386	74,917	79,277	118,214	125,763
New Brunswick.....	31,487	36,955	40,895	49,873	54,819	80,265	85,364
Quebec.....	368,112	373,496	405,715	439,392	491,630	677,657	735,521
Ontario.....	527,693	626,581	625,962	776,151	815,937	1,140,095	1,194,050
Manitoba.....	81,289	96,858	104,284	127,846	133,771	181,586	197,311
Saskatchewan.....	60,300	76,079	89,778	124,793	114,624	145,701	203,757
Alberta.....	74,033	89,866	101,232	132,598	138,793	202,338	222,695
British Columbia.....	102,440	129,489	146,775	168,320	183,459	243,127	259,749
Yukon and N.W.T.....	562	641	681	560	706	909	783